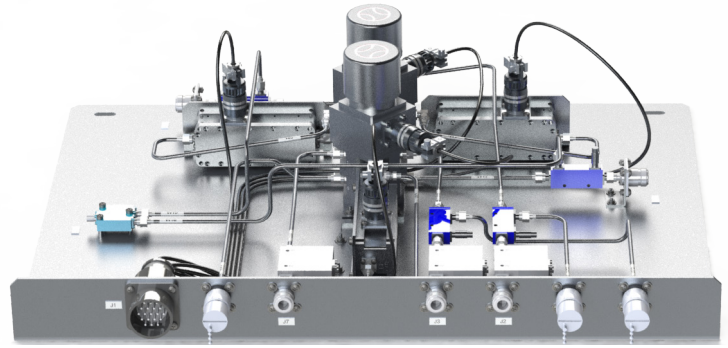
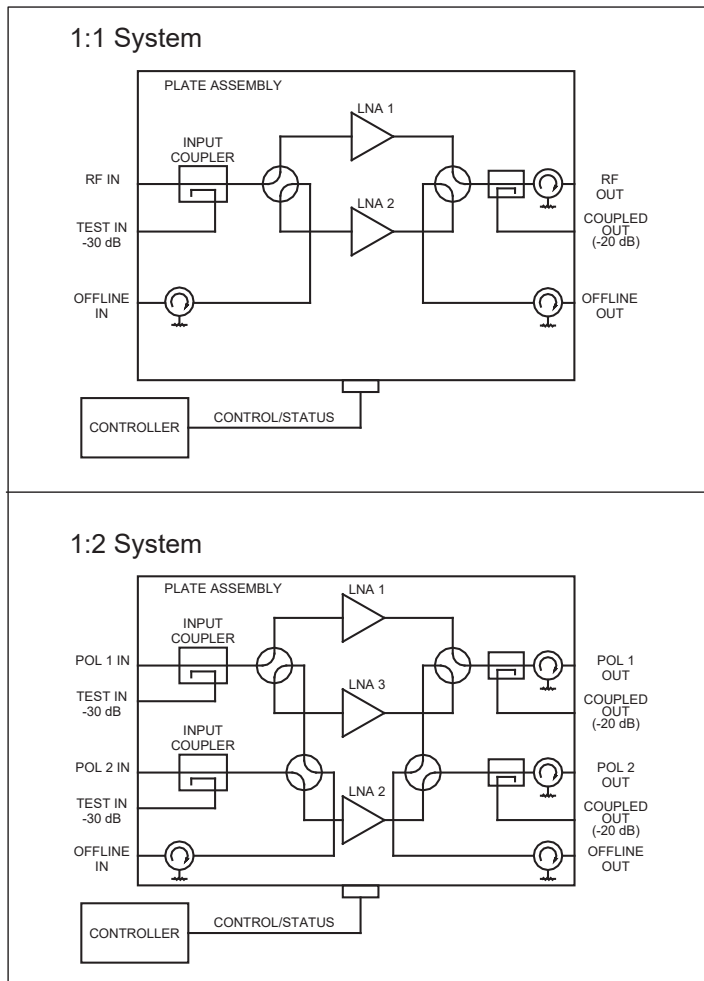


Redundant LNA systems minimize system downtime due to LNA failure by providing a spare LNA and an automatic means of switching to the spare upon failure of a primary LNA.

A 1:1 system provides one spare LNA for one primary LNA. A 1:2 system provides a spare LNA for either of two primary LNAs. The systems consist of an outdoor plate assembly which mounts at the antenna hub, an indoor control panel and interconnecting control cable.

System Block Diagram



Typical S-Band 1:2 LNA Plate Assembly

PLATE ASSEMBLY FEATURES:

- LSH-2000 Series S-Band Low Noise Amplifiers (LNAs)
- High quality dual coaxial switches
- Manual override
- Output coaxial isolators standard
- Input coupler, output coupler and offline I/O options available

REDUNDANCY CONTROLLER FEATURES:

- 10/100 Base T Ethernet network interface
- Supports SNMP v1, v2c, and v3
- Rack-mount chassis, 19" wide, 1 3/4" (1 RU) high
- Dual, redundant power supplies
- Manual or automatic operation
- Monitors unit currents, external alarms, or both
- Automatically switches RF path to standby unit when unit failure occurs
- User-selectable RS-232/-422/-485 serial I/O M&C interface
- Parallel I/O M&C interface
- Menu-driven user configuration of all options
- Front panel graphically depicts switch positions and unit status
- Worldwide universal AC input capability standard
- Audible alarm
- CE certified and RoHS compliant; EAR 99
- Monitor and Power Tracking Unit in monopulse systems

System Specifications (1)

Parameter	Notes	Specification
Frequency Range	Band "H"	2100 to 2500 MHz
Noise Temperature, System	At +23°C Versus Temperature	See Table 1 See Table 2
Gain		57 dB min., 60 dB typical
Gain Match		2 dB max. between LNAs
Gain Flatness		±0.75 dB over the full band ±0.30 dB per 10 MHz
Gain Stability		±0.2 dB max., per day, constant temperature -0.04 dB/°C versus temperature
VSWR	Input, standard Input, with System Option C, Output	1.80:1 typical, 1.90:1 max. 1.90:1 typical, 2.00:1 max. 1.25:1 max.
Power Output at 1dB compression (P_{1dB})	Standard With system Option D	+8 dBm min., +10 dBm typical +7 dBm min., +9 dBm typical
3rd Order Intercept Output, (OIP₃)	Standard With system Option D	+18 dBm min., +20 dBm typical +17 dBm min., +19 dBm typical
AM/PM Conversion		0.05°/dB max., at -5 dBm out
Group Delay per 36 MHz	Linear Parabolic Ripple	0.05 ns/MHz 0.005 ns/MHz ² 1.0 ns peak to peak
Maximum Input Power	Without damage	10 dBm max.
Connectors	RF Input, standard RF Input, with system option C RF Output Offline In/Out, (system option E) Coupler Out (system option D)	Type N Female Type N Female Type N Female Type N Female Type N Female
Plate Assembly Power Requirements (for use with standard product LNAs)	Voltage 1:1 System 1:2 System	11 VDC min., 12 VDC typical, 15 VDC max. 6 W typical 10 W typical
Temperature Range	Switch Plate Assembly	-40°C to +60°C
(1) System specifications depend on choice of LNA and various options. Specifications shown are for a typical system using LSH-2000 series LNAs (Specification 33549).		

Part Number Ordering Information

S-Band LNA Systems^(a)	L R S	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- X X X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
System Type:	1:1	1								
	1:2	2								
LNA Frequency:	2100-2500 MHz .	H								
LNA Noise Temp.:	35 K	35								
System Options:	No input coupler(s)					X				
	Input couplers, -30 dB					C				
	No output coupler(s)						X			
	Output coupler(s), -20 dB							D		
	No offline I/O								X	
	Offline I/O, terminated, with isolator .									E
Control Cable:	No cable									X
(Standard service)	100 ft. (30 m)									1
	150 ft. (45 m)									2
	200 ft. (60 m)									3
	250 ft. (75 m)									4

Examples:
 1:1 system with 2100-2500 MHz, 35 K LNAs, no LNA options, no system options, and 100 ft. cable:
 Order Number L R S 1 H 3 5 - X X X X X X X 1

1:2 system with 2100-2500 MHz, 35 K LNAs, input couplers, output couplers, offline I/O, and 150 ft. cable:
 Order Number L R S 2 H 3 5 - X X X X C D E 2

Notes:
 (a) Consult factory for custom configurations.

Table 1 - Typical System Noise Temperature with Various Options (Add to T_{LNA})

System Configuration:	— 1:1 —	— 1:2 —		
			<u>Pol. 1</u>	<u>Pol. 2</u> <u>Standby</u>
Standard Configuration (Add to T _{LNA})	37 K	37 K	37 K	63 K
With 30 dB Input Coupler(s)	60 K	60 K	60 K	88 K

Table 2 - Noise Temperature vs Ambient Temperature

Noise temperature vs. ambient temperature can be found from the equation,

$$NT_2/NT_1 = (T_2/T_1)^n$$

where:

- NT₂ = Noise Temperature at T₂
- NT₁ = Noise Temperature at T₁
- T₂ = Temperature 2 in K
- T₁ = Temperature 1 in K
- n = 1.5 for the LNAs or = 1.0 for passive losses

For the case where T₁ = 296 K (+23 °C), the ratio NT₂ /NT₁ is shown in the table below for both LNAs (n = 1.8) and for passive losses (n = 1.0):

Ambient Temperature T ₂ (°C)	n = 1.5 NT ₂ /NT ₁	n = 1.0 NT ₂ /NT ₁
0	0.86	0.92
+23	1.00	1.00
+40	1.09	1.06
+50	1.14	1.09
+60	1.17	1.13

Example: For a 1:1 system with input coupler and 35 K LNAs, T_{LNA} = 35 K at +23 °C and passive losses = 40 K at +23 °C; thus, T_{sys} = 75 K at +23 °C. What is T_{sys} at +50 °C?
 From the table, NT₂ /NT₁ at 50 °C = 1.14 for the LNAs and 1.09 for the passive losses:
 NT₂ = 1.14 x (35 K) + 1.09 x (40 K) = 39.9 K + 43.6 K = 83.5 K at +50 °C.

Redundant System Controller



1:2 Redundant System Controller, Model RSC12V1-AC

The RSC series redundant system controllers for 1:1 and 1:2 systems directly power the LNAs and monitor the output voltages and currents to detect faults. The RSC can also monitor external alarm signals or a combination of output currents and external alarm inputs. Upon detecting a fault, the RSC transfer switch to activate the spare unit.

The RSC offers monitoring and control of auxiliary RF hardware; remote monitor and control via network, serial interface, or parallel I/O; flexible configuration of system behaviour; remote disable of local controls for security; and the ability to detect and report certain failures within the controller itself.

A second RSC can be linked to a primary RSC to provide full system control from an alternate control site. When set up this way, the secondary RSC is referred to as a remote control panel, or RCP. The configuration and settings of the primary RSC are transferred to the RCP, which then mimics its controls and interfaces. This permits system operation from a location that is up to 4000 ft. (1200 m) distant from the primary controller.

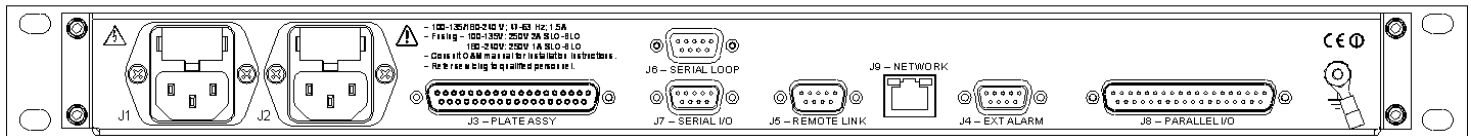
Controller Specifications

Unit Status Monitor Methods	Controller monitors unit bias current; alarm is generated if current goes outside of allowed tolerance window (LNA or LNB systems). Controller also monitors external alarm inputs (SSPA and other systems) or combinations of both internal unit current and external alarm inputs.
Unit Current Window Width	±5% to ±25% of nominal; user selectable in 5% steps (applies to all monitored unit currents)
Switchover Time	100 ms maximum
Unit Power Outputs	+14.3 to +15.0 Vdc, 700 mA maximum
Switch Drive Outputs	-22 to -28 Vdc, 2 A maximum
External Alarm Inputs	Optionally up to one per unit; require sinking 5 mA at 5 Vdc to negate alarm
Serial I/O Interface	RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 2- or 4-wire; user selection
Parallel I/O Interface	Control inputs: Contact closures to ground; require sinking 20 mA at 15 Vdc Status outputs: Form 'C' dry contacts; 100 Vdc, 0.5 A, 3 W max (resistive load)
Controller Dimensions	19" (483 mm) W x 1.72" (43.7 mm) H x 17.5" (445 mm) D; 7.6 lb (3.4 kg)
Chassis Slides	Standard. Radio relay rack-mount brackets available on request.
Cable Length to Plate Assy	Order cable separately. 100 ft (30 m) to 250 ft (75 m) lengths in 50 ft (15 m) increments are standard; other lengths (up to 500 ft or 150 m) are available by special order.
AC Input (standard)	100-135 or 180-240 Vac, 47-63 Hz, 100 W; Dual AC inputs and dual redundant power supplies.
Temperature Range	Operating: 0 to +50 °C (indoor equipment environment) Storage: -40 to +70 °C
Reliability	MTBF: 48,200 hours; MTTR: less than 30 minutes with spares and proper technical person.

Controller Front Panel Controls and Indicators

Unit Status Alarms	LED Indicators glow green when OK, red when a fault is detected.
PS Indicator	Glows red to show fault with either dual redundant power supply.
Panel Test	Pushbutton lights all indicators & tests audible alarm.
RF Switch Pushbuttons and Indicators	<p>Pushbuttons are used to manually switch units. Front panel indicators show which units are on-line. Unit indicators light red to show faulted units.</p> <p>In a typical 1:1 system, Unit 1 is the primary unit and Unit 2 is on standby. In a 1:2 system, Unit 1 is the primary unit for Pol 1 and Unit 2 is the primary unit for Pol 2. Unit 3 is on standby and can be selected for either Pol. In a dual 1:1 system, Unit 1 is the primary unit and Unit 2 is on standby for Pol 1; Unit 3 is the primary and Unit 4 is on standby for Pol 2.</p>
Auto/Manual Switch and Indicators	In Auto mode, a unit failure initiates automatic switchover to the standby unit. In manual mode, the on-line unit can be selected from the front panel or by serial I/O, parallel I/O or network command.
Remote/Local Switch and Indicators	<p>Selects local (front panel) control, or remote control from serial I/O, parallel I/O, or network.</p> <p>An optional second RSC, configured as a Remote Control Panel, provides the means to operate the system from a physically distant, alternate location.</p>

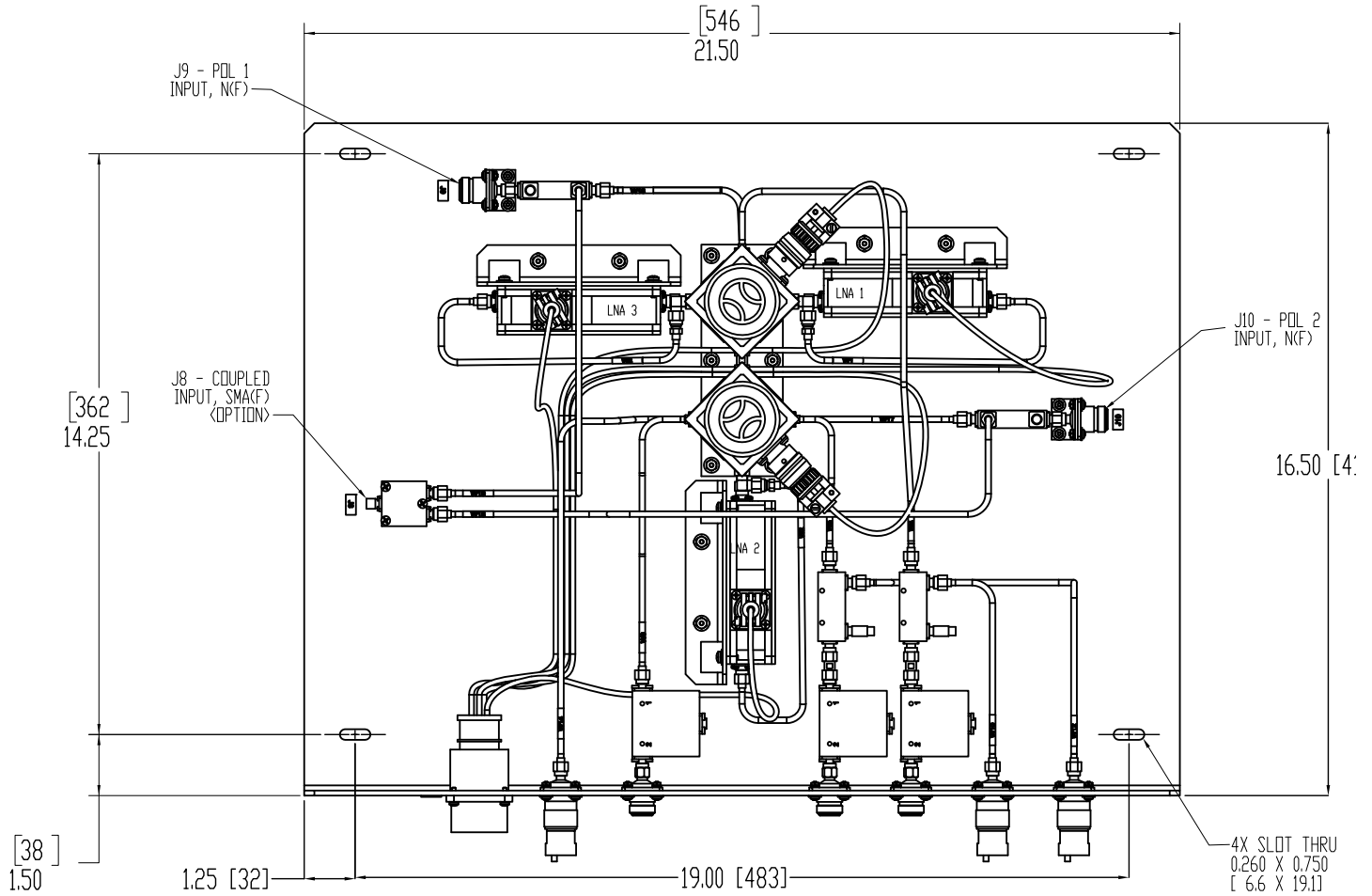
Controller Rear Panel Interfaces



J1, J2 – LINE 1, LINE 2 (IEC 320-C14)	Dual power entry modules contain the AC line input connectors. System can be powered from separate AC lines if desired. Either or both power supplies are capable of operating the system.
J3 – PLATE ASSY (37-pos D, Female)	Cable to plate assembly carries unit power (for line drivers, LNAs or LNBs) and switch drive signals. Order cable separately. Standard lengths are 100' (30 m) to 250' (75 m) in 50' (15 m) increments; other lengths are special order. An adapter cable mates the controller to legacy system cables.
J6 – SERIAL I/O and J7 – SERIAL LOOP (9-pos D Female)	RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 connector for user M&C System. Commands provide monitoring, controlling, and configuration. Interconnect cable lengths to 4000 ft (1200 m) with RS-422 or RS-485. A serial loop connector provides a convenient connection for daisy-chained systems.
J5 – REMOTE LINK (9-pos D Male)	For connection via a proprietary RS-422 link (up to 4000 ft/1200 m) to an optional, second RSC, which duplicates Local control functions at a secondary site.
J9 – NETWORK (RJ-45)	10/100 Base T Ethernet connection port via standard RJ-45 connector. Supports SNMP v1, v2c and v3.
J4 – EXT ALARM (9-pos D Female)	External Alarm inputs. Substitute for or combine with internal unit current monitor alarms. Allows an external signal to indicate unit failure. Unused inputs can be used as status inputs to M&C system.
J8 – PARALLEL I/O (37-pos D Male)	<p>Parallel I/O (discrete logic) connection for limited control and monitoring of the system.</p> <p>Form 'C' relay contact outputs (1:2 system example):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit 1 status • Unit 2 status • Unit 3 status • PS 1 status • PS 2 status • Local/Remote mode • Pol 1: Unit 1 or Unit 3 • Pol 2: Unit 2 or Unit 3 • Auto/Manual mode <p>Control inputs—contact closure to ground (1:2 system example):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pol 1 Unit 1 select • Pol 1 Unit 3 select • Pol 2 Unit 2 select • Pol 2 Unit 3 select • Auto/Manual select

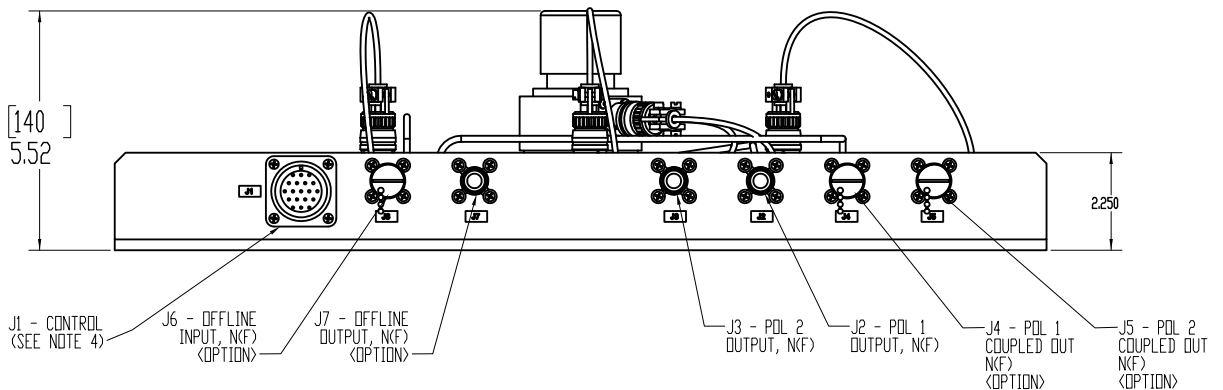
1:1 Plate Assembly Outline Drawing coming soon

1:2 Plate Assembly Outline Drawing, with Various Options Installed



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND [MILLIMETERS].
2. ESTIMATED WEIGHT WITH ALL STANDARD OPTIONS: 13.0 LBS. [5.9 KG]
3. REFER TO DSPC-33944 FOR ADDITIONAL SPECIFICATIONS.
4. INTERCONNECTING CABLE AND MATING CONNECTOR INCLUDED BUT NOT SHOWN.
5. OUTPUT ISOLATORS INCLUDED WITH STANDARD SYSTEM.



Outline 33686-1



SMP Division
 Satcom Products
 tel: +1 (669) 275-2744
 email: satcommarketing@cpii.com
 web: www.cpii.com/satcom

For more detailed information, please refer to the corresponding CPI technical description if one has been published, or contact CPI. Specifications may change without notice as a result of additional data or product refinement. Please contact CPI before using this information for system design.

© 2021 Communications & Power Industries LLC. Company proprietary: use and reproduction is strictly prohibited without written authorization from CPI.